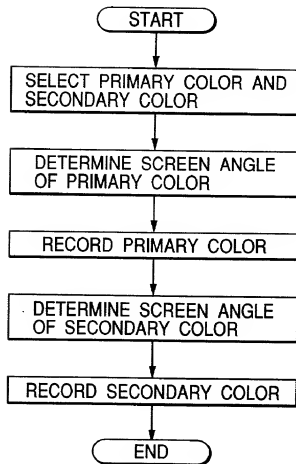
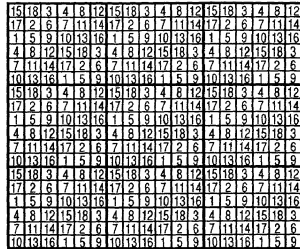


FIG. 1

15	18	3	4	8	12
17	2	6	7	11	14
1	5	9	10	13	16
4	8	12	15	18	3
7	11	14	17	2	6
10	13	16	1	5	9



A diagram showing a triangular arrangement of numbers. At the top is a single row of four numbers: 1, 2, 3, 4. Below it are two rows of three numbers each: 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, 10, 11, 12. The next row has four numbers: 13, 14, 15, 16, 17. This pattern continues, with each row having one more number than the row above it, forming a large triangle. To the left of the triangle, there is a coordinate system with a vertical y-axis and a horizontal x-axis. An arrow points from the origin to the first row of numbers, and the angle between the x-axis and this arrow is labeled $+14^\circ$.

FIG. 4

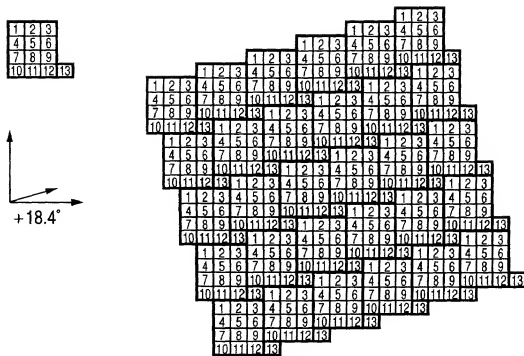


FIG. 5

